

09/22/98



(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

Attorney Docket No. 1046.1192/JDH

First Named Inventor or Application Identifier:

Jun ASADA

Express Mail Label No.



APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, DC 20231

1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form
2. ☒ Specification, Claims & Abstract [Total Pages: 23]
3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) [Total Sheets: 7]
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration [Total Pages: 3]
 - a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)
 - b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
 - i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. ☐ Incorporation by Reference (usable if Box 4b is checked)
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.
6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
7. ☐ Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary)
 - a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
 - b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
 - c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) ☐ Power of Attorney
10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
12. ☒ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)
14. ☐ Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application, status still proper and desired.
15. ☒ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)
16. ☐ Other:

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No: /

18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

STAAS & HALSEY
Attn: James D. Halsey, Jr.
700 Eleventh Street, N.W., Suite 500
Washington, DC 20001

Telephone: (202) 434-1500
Facsimile: (202) 434-1501

NEW APPLICATION FEE TRANSMITTAL

Attorney Docket No. 1046.1192/JDH
Application Number Unassigned
Filing Date September 22, 1998

AMOUNT ENCLOSED \$ 994.00 First Named Inventor Jun ASADA

FEE CALCULATION (fees effective 10/01/97)

CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
TOTAL CLAIMS	9	- 20 =	0	X \$ 22.00 =	\$ 0.00
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS	5	- 3 =	2	X \$ 82.00 =	164.00
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (any number; if applicable)				+ \$270.00 =	0.00
				BASIC FILING FEE	+ 790.00
				Total of above Calculations =	\$ 954.00
Surcharge for late filing fee, Statement or Power of Attorney (\$130.00)					+ 0.00
Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity (37 CFR 1.9, 1.27 & 1.28).					- 0.00
				TOTAL FILING FEE =	\$ 954.00
Surcharge for filing non-English language application (\$130.00; 37 CFR 1.52(d))					+ 0.00
Recordation of Assignment (\$40.00; 37 CFR 1.21(h)(1))					+ 40.00
				TOTAL FEES DUE =	\$ 994.00

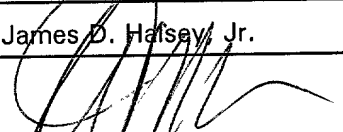
METHOD OF PAYMENT

- ☒ Check enclosed as payment.
☐ Charge "TOTAL FEES DUE" to the Deposit Account No., below.
☐ No payment is enclosed and no charges to the Deposit Account are authorized at this time.

GENERAL AUTHORIZATION

- ☒ If the above-noted "AMOUNT ENCLOSED" is not correct, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit any overpayment or charge any additional fees necessary to:
- Deposit Account No. 19-3935
Deposit Account Name STAAS & HALSEY
- ☒ The Commissioner is also authorized to credit any overpayments or charge any additional fees required under 37 CFR 1.16 (filing fees) or 37 CFR 1.17 (processing fees) during the prosecution of this application, including any related application(s) claiming benefit hereof pursuant to 35 USC § 120 (e.g., continuations/divisionals/CIPs under 37 CFR 1.53(b) and/or continuations/divisionals/CPAs under 37 CFR 1.53(b)) to maintain pendency hereof or of any such related application.

SUBMITTED BY: **STAAS & HALSEY**

Typed Name	James D. Halsey, Jr.	Reg. No.	22,729
Signature		Date	September 22, 1998

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:

Jun ASADA

Serial No.: To Be Assigned

Filed: September 22, 1998

For: LOCAL AREA INFORMATION TERMINAL DEVICE

Group Art Unit: To Be Assigned

Examiner: To Be Assigned

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

*Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231*

Sir:

Before examination of the above-identified application, please amend the application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please AMEND the claims as follows:

Claim 3, line 2, replace "1 or 2" with --1--

REMARKS

This Preliminary Amendment is submitted to improve the form of the claims as originally-filed.

It is respectfully requested that this Preliminary Amendment be entered in the above-referenced application.

Preliminary Amendment

Docket No.: 1046.1192/JDH

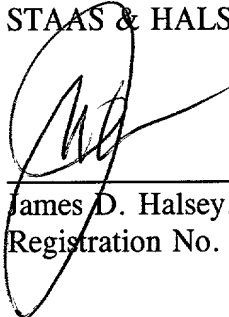
If any further fees are required in connection with the filing of this Preliminary Amendment, please charge same to our Deposit Account No. 19-3935.

Respectfully submitted,

STAAS & HALSEY

Dated: September 22, 1998

By:



James D. Halsey, Jr.
Registration No. 22,729

700 Eleventh Street, N.W.
Suite 500
Washington, D.C. 20001
(202) 434-1500

LOCAL AREA INFORMATION TERMINAL DEVICE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to an information processing apparatus for transmitting and receiving information through radio communications.

In recent years, a variety of communications architectures have been structured with advancements of information processing apparatuses. There can be given a multiplicity of examples such as television broadcasting and radio broadcasting in the form of one-way communications oriented to a multiplicity of unspecified receivers, and a portable telephone and a PHS (Personal Handy-phone System) etc., in the form of bidirectional communications between specified individuals.

Further, with a preparation of the INTERNET in recent years, it is feasible to have an easy access to WWW (World Wide Web) information in the world. Hypertext information mixed with texts and images, which are used therefor, are going to be settled down as new information expressing means.

In providing the WWW information through the INTERNET, however, the world-wide information can be collected, and while on the other hand there has not yet been established such a technology as to certainly activate communications between

target users in a given local area by transmitting the information to within this local area.

What is known in this connection is a technology for combining television broadcasting with INTERNET, which is disclosed in Japanese Patent Application Laid-Open No. Hei 9-162818. According to this technique shown therein, domain information of INTERNET is multiplexed in TV broadcasting signals and then transmitted.

Further, Japanese Patent Application Laid-Open No. Hei 5-122173 by the present application discloses a technique of transferring from a base station the information exhibiting a prompt reporting characteristic such as newspaper to portable terminal devices by feeble radio waves. Moreover, there is also known a technique of distributing the information only to the users existing in a specified area by using local media such as a mini-FM station.

Those techniques might be effective in combining the INTERNET technology with the broadcasting technology and providing the information to a specified local area.

Each of those conventional techniques, however, deals with the one-way communications from the broadcasting station to the users. Accordingly, the users are unable to readily transmit the information to each other in the same manner as receiving the information.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention has been made in view of the above circumstances, and therefore has an object of the present invention to provide bidirectional communications at low costs which are limited to a specified local area by utilizing a simple INTERNET technology.

According to a first aspect of the present invention, a local area information terminal comprises a file storing unit for storing a file previously created by a transmitter, a channel retrieving unit for retrieving a free channel among broadcasting channels allocated to respective frequency bandwidths, a channel selecting unit for selecting a free channel among a plurality of free channels, and a transmitting unit for transmitting the file as broadcasting data stored in the file storing unit to within a local area via the selected channel.

The file consists of a file of text data, image data, audio data, or the like, and can be normally created on a personal computer.

The channel herein implies a bandwidth defined per frequency of the broadcasting within the local area, and according to the present invention, 2 to 3 channels are set within the same local area. Further, the local area herein implies a specified local area having a radius of, e.g., 500 m or less, and persons having the information terminals are also

able to meet each other by actualizing the bidirectional communications in this range.

According to a second aspect of the present invention, the local area information terminal comprises, in addition to the components according to the first aspect, a cipher processing unit, and the file read from the file storing unit is encrypted by the cipher processing unit and thereafter transmitted.

The broadcasting oriented to the specified receivers existing within the local area can be carried out by executing the encrypting process upon the broadcasting data.

According to a third aspect of the present invention, the file is a file in an HTML (HyperText Markup Language) format. The file in the HTML format is a text file structured of tags such as <html>, <title>, <body> (ornament symbols) and character information. In this text file, the image data can be displayed by use of the tags. In the case of the HTML text, for example, is simply shown, and an image such as suna.jpg can be displayed in a position of this tag.

According to a fourth aspect of the present invention, a local area information terminal for selectively receiving broadcasting information transmitted via a plurality of channels within a local area, comprises a retrieving unit for retrieving a channel through which the broadcasting data can be received, a selecting unit for selecting, when the broadcasting data

different from each other are being transmitted via the plurality of channels, a receiving channel, a displaying unit for displaying the broadcasting data received by the selected channel, an identifier storing unit for extracting an identifier for specifying a transmitter out of the broadcasting data and storing the identifier, a mail editing unit for creating a return message to the transmitter on the basis of the transmitter identifier read from the identifier storing unit, and a returning unit for returning the mail created by the mail editing unit.

The fourth aspect of the invention corresponds to the first aspect showing the transmitting terminal, wherein the broadcasting data being transmitted from some transmitting terminals within the local area are received by selecting the channels. Further, the identifier storing unit is stored with the transmitter identifiers, i.e., the IDs in the broadcasting data, whereby the return mail can be transmitted to the broadcaster. The bidirectional communications within the local area can be thus actualized.

According to a fifth aspect of the present invention, the local area information terminal further comprises a cipher processing unit. The cipher processing unit, if the broadcasting data received have been encrypted, decodes the encrypted data by decrypting the same data. The construction according to the fifth aspect of the invention corresponds to the case where the

broadcasting data have been encrypted.

According to a sixth aspect of the present invention, a local area information terminal capable of transmitting and receiving broadcasting data within a local area, comprises a file storing unit for storing a file previously created by a transmitter, a channel retrieving unit for retrieving a free channel among broadcasting channels allocated to respective frequency bandwidths, a transmitting unit for transmitting the file as broadcasting data stored in the file storing unit to within a local area via the retrieved channel, a retrieving unit for retrieving a channel through which the broadcasting data can be received within the local area, a selecting unit for selecting, when the broadcasting data different from each other are being transmitted via the plurality of channels, a receiving channel, and a displaying unit for displaying the broadcasting data received via the selected channel. The information terminal according to the sixth aspect of the invention incorporates both of a function serving as the transmitting terminal according to the first aspect of the invention and a function serving as the receiving terminal according to the fourth aspect of the invention, and is capable of, though these two functions are incorporated therein, making hardware mechanisms common such as the channel retrieving unit for the transmission and the channel selection unit for the receipt. It is therefore feasible to

actualize the local area information terminal capable of transmitting and receiving the broadcasting data without any scale-up.

According to a seventh aspect of the present invention, the local area information terminal according to the sixth aspect of the invention further comprises a mail editing unit for creating a return mail to a transmitter of the broadcasting data received, and a returning unit for returning the return mail. With an addition of the function of not only receiving the broadcasting data but also transmitting the return mail to the broadcaster, the communications within the local area can be more activated.

According to an eighth aspect of the present invention, the local area information terminal further comprises an identifier storing unit for extracting an identifier for specifying a transmitter out of the broadcasting data and storing the identifier. Moreover, the mail editing unit sets a return destination of the return mail to the transmitter on the basis of the transmitter identifier read from the identifier storing unit. The return mail can be thereby simply transmitted to the broadcaster without being conscious of the mail address.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Other objects and advantages of the present invention

will become apparent during the following discussion in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 is a plan view showing an information processing apparatus according to one embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a block diagram illustrating an internal construction of the information processing apparatus according to the embodiment;

Fig. 3 is an explanatory diagram showing a content of broadcasting data according to the embodiment;

Fig. 4 is a flowchart showing procedures when transmitting the broadcasting data in the information processing apparatus according to the embodiment;

Fig. 5 is a flowchart showing procedures when receiving the broadcasting data in the information processing apparatus according to the embodiment;

Fig. 6 is a conceptual view illustrating a case where there are two broadcasting data transmitters in the same local area according to the embodiment; and

Fig. 7 is a view showing a selection menu on a display screen when the broadcasting data can be received through two channels within the same local area according to the embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Embodiments of the present invention will hereinafter be

described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Fig. 1 shows an information processing apparatus by way of one embodiment of the present invention.

An information processing apparatus 101 has a portable casing the surface of which is provided with a display screen 102, a power source switch 103, a mode selection switch 104 and a channel selection button 105. Further, an antenna 106 is provided at an upper portion thereof.

The display screen 102 is constructed of a color liquid crystal display, in which a positional input indication can be effected upon the surface thereof through a touch panel using a touch pen or the like. The mode selection switch 104 consists essentially of a slide switch, in which it is selectable whether the information processing apparatus 101 is used in a receiving mode or in a transmitting mode. The channel selection button 105 serves to select a channel when in a transmitting or receiving process. File data in an HTML format are transmitted as broadcasting data through radio waves from the antenna 106. Further, the radio waves transmitted other users are received by the antenna 16. A concept of this channel selection will be explained later on.

Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing an internal hardware architecture of the information processing apparatus 101.

The information processing apparatus 101 is constructed

based on a microprocessor 202, and includes a memory (ROM) 204 for storing an initialization program, a communication program, a mail editor, and the like of the microprocessor 202, a memory (RAM) 203 for temporarily storing the above respective programs and data, and a file system 206 for storing in the form of file the data in the HTML (HyperText Markup Language) format or the hypertext format, which data are created by the user. Herein, the file system 206 is structured of card slots etc., and may involve the use of a PC card (pursuant to PCMCIA: Personal Computer Memory Card International Association) constructed of a flash memory which is inserted into the card slot. Accordingly, the HTML data are previously created by the user using other personal computer and transferred to the PC card, whereby the information processing apparatus 101 reads the HTML file from this PC card attached thereto, thus executing a transmitting process.

The information processing apparatus 101 includes a tuner 201 as a communication system thereof, and a transmitting or receiving frequency can be changed over by operating the channel selection button 105 functioning as a channel-select switch 105.

A cipher processing unit 205 is provided between the tuner 201 and the microprocessor 202. The cipher processing unit 205 incorporates a function of encrypting the HTML data transmitted from the information processing apparatus 101, and

has a function of returning to a plaintext the HTML data by executing an algorithm reversed to the encryption algorithm when the information processing apparatus 101 receives the encrypted HTML data. The cipher processing unit 205, to be specific, functions when desiring for notifying a specified user of the information.

The display screen 102 is composed of an LCD as an input system of the information processing apparatus 101, and the touch panel provided on the surface thereof functions as a pointing device 208. An image displayed on the display screen 102 is outputted by an image decoder 207.

The information processing apparatus 101 includes a loudspeaker 210 as an output system thereof, which is provided on the side of a rear surface not shown in Fig. 1, and voice information is reproduced through a voice decoder 209.

Explained next is a case in which the HTML data (suna.html) as shown in Fig. 3 are transmitted by use of the information processing apparatus 101.

The HTML data shown in Fig. 3 are structured of a suna.html file defined as text data, a suna.jpg file defined as image data, and a mail.gif file defined as a button image, and these files are generated and edited on the personal computer. The user, after making the unillustrated PC card stored with the above three files, attaches the PC card to the information

processing apparatus 101. The three files to be transmitted are thus brought into a set-up state in the file system 206.

To begin with, a transmitter sets the information processing apparatus 101 in the transmitting mode by manipulating the mode selection switch 104. The microprocessor 202 indicates the tuner 201 to judge by a retrieval whether or not there is a free channel through which no broadcasting is conducted at present (step 401). In this case, if the broadcasting is already conducted through all the channels in a local area concerned (which extends with a radius of approximately 500 m), a message "Broadcasting is unable to be done because of no free channels" is displayed on the display screen 102 through the image decoder 207 (step 413), and the transmitting process comes to an end. While on the other hand, there exist free channels (step 402) the number of which is 2 or more. In this case, the microprocessor 202 makes a channel selection menu displayed on the display screen 102 through the image decoder 207 (step 411), and indicates the transmitter to select a transmission channel by manipulating the channel selection button 105 (step 412).

Note that if there are, though not shown in the flowchart, a plurality of free channels, the broadcasting channels may be automatically selected starting from a lower-number channel.

When the broadcasting channel is established, the

microprocessor 202 sets an ID of a broadcaster (step 404). This ID may involve the use of an INTERNET address of the transmitter which is stored in the memory RAM as user information of the information processing apparatus 101. The ID is, however, limited to this broadcasting, and an ID generated from a random number by the microprocessor may also be used.

Next, a file list in the file system 206 is displayed on the display screen 102, and the transmitter selects a broadcasting file by using the channel selection button 105 from this file list (step 405). At this time, if the suna.html file serving as a basis when used as a broadcasting file is selected on the display screen 102, the suna.jpg file and the mail.gif file that are link-set by this suna.html file are also simultaneously selected.

Next, the display screen 102 turns out to be a selection screen showing whether to encrypt the broadcasting file (step 406).

In this case, in the case of the information desired to be broadcasted to only a specified user group, the encrypting process is such that the encrypted broadcasting file is transmitted, and only receivers having IDs permitted to receive the broadcasting file are able to receive the information content. Such being the encrypting process, it is feasible to actualize also commercial broadcasting in which an area for

collecting charges for receiving the information is limited.

When the encrypting process is selected in step 406, the cipher processing unit 205 executes the process of encrypting the broadcasting file (suna.html, suna.jpg and mail.gif) (step 407). The encryption herein may use a known encrypting algorithm such as, e.g., a public key cryptosystem.

Next, the microprocessor 202 executes the broadcasting process through the tuner 201 (step 408).

With the processes executed above, the information shown in Fig. 3 can be received relatively far around the information processing apparatus 101 of the transmitter. When the transmitter receives a mail from the receiver (step 409), though receiving procedures will be explained in greater details referring to Fig. 5, the microprocessor 202 starts up a mail browser from the memory 204 (ROM) (step 410), and displays the received mail on the display screen 102.

The mail browser enables the mail to be transmitted back, in which a mail address of the received mail is used as a transmission-back address. This point is a technique already known from the general-purpose INTERNET browser, and hence the explanation thereof is omitted.

Next, the procedures by which the information processing apparatus 101 receives the broadcasting, will be explained with reference to Figs. 5 to 7.

The receiver sets the mode selection switch 104 in the receiving mode by turning ON the power source switch 103 of the information processing apparatus 101, at which time the microprocessor 202 retrieves all the channels through the tuner 201 (step 501) and judges whether or not there is a channel through which the broadcasting is conducted. In this case, if there is no channel through which the broadcasting is conducted, the micro processor 202 displays, via the image decoder 207 on the display screen 102, a message such as "No broadcaster exists in a vicinal area" or "No broadcasting is carried out at present in this area" (step 513).

In this step 502, if an on-the-broadcasting channel is detected, an on-the-broadcasting channel number is judged (step 503). In this case, if there are plurality of on-the-broadcasting channels, the microprocessor 202 displays a channel selection menu as shown in Fig. 7 on the display screen 102 (step 511).

An expression, "There are the plurality of on-the-broadcasting channels", given herein implies, as shown in Fig. 6, such a case that there are two transmitters 611 and 612 who are transmitting the broadcasting data by using the information processing apparatuses 101.

Displayed on the channel selection menu are button images of "channel 1" and "channel 2" together with a character message

such as "Radio web information is received on the channel 1 and the channel 2. Select the channel for display". The channel selection button 105 is slid rightward or leftward to be pressed in this display state, and the channel 1 or the channel 2 can be thereby chosen (step 512). Note that the channel may also be selected by touching the button image on the display screen 102 with a touch pen etc.

When the channel is established, the broadcaster ID is obtained from the above broadcasting information, and this ID is set in the memory RAM203 (step 504).

Next, the microprocessor 202 judges whether or not the broadcasting data have been encrypted (step 505), and, if encrypted, the encrypting processing unit 205 executes a decrypting process, i.e., a decoding process (step 506).

Next, the HTML browser stored in the memory (RAM203 or ROM204) is started up under the control of the microprocessor 202, and an HTML text created by the broadcaster shown in Fig. 3 is displayed on the display screen 102 through the image decoder 207 (step 507).

At this time, if the receiver desires to transmit a mail to the broadcaster (step 508), the receiver touches the mail.gif button image on the display screen 102 with the touch pen etc. With this receiver's operation, the mail editor stored in the memory (RAM203 or ROM204) is started up (step 509). The receiver

is able to create a return mail on the basis of the mail editor. At this time, the broadcaster ID stored in the memory RAM203 is read as a destination of the return mail and written to a header of the mail.

Then, the mail editing based on the mail editor is completed, the microprocessor 202 transmits the mail to the information processing apparatus 101 of the broadcaster via the tuner 201 and the antenna 106.

As described above, according to the present invention, the bidirectional communications limited within the specified local area are actualized. The specified information can be provided as the broadcasting data to only the receivers existing especially within the local area concerned, and the receivers having received the information are capable of responding through the return mails to the broadcaster. It is therefore feasible to actualize the bidirectional communications at the stage just before the persons concerned meet directly each other.

The many features and advantages of the invention are apparent from the detailed specification and, thus, it is intended by the appended claims to cover all such features and advantages of the invention which fall within the true spirit and scope of the invention. Further, since numerous modifications and changes will readily occur to those skilled in the art, it is not desired to limit the invention to the exact construction

and operation illustrated and described, and accordingly all suitable modifications and equivalents may be resorted to, falling within the scope of the invention.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A local area information terminal comprising:
file storing unit for storing a file previously created;
channel retrieving unit for retrieving a free channel
among broadcasting channels allocated to respective frequency
bandwidths;

channel selecting unit for making, when there exist a
plurality of free channels, a transmitter select a free channel;
and

transmitting unit for transmitting the file as
broadcasting data stored in said file storing unit to within a
local area via the selected channel.

2. A local area information terminal according to claim
1, further comprising cipher processing unit,

wherein the file read from said file storing unit is
encrypted by said cipher processing unit and thereafter
transmitted from said transmitting unit.

3. A local area information terminal according to claim
1 or 2, wherein the file is a file in an HTML format.

4. A local area information terminal for selectively
receiving broadcasting information transmitted via a plurality

of channels within a local area, said terminal comprising:

retrieving unit for retrieving a channel through which the broadcasting data can be received;

selecting unit for selecting, when the broadcasting data different from each other are being transmitted via the plurality of channels, a receiving channel;

displaying unit for displaying the broadcasting data received by the selected channel;

identifier storing unit for extracting an identifier for specifying a transmitter out of the broadcasting data and storing the identifier;

mail editing unit for creating a return message to the transmitter on the basis of the transmitter identifier read from said identifier storing unit; and

returning unit for returning the mail created by said mail editing unit.

5. A local area information terminal according to claim 4, further comprising, in addition to said unit given above, cipher processing unit,

wherein said cipher processing unit, if the broadcasting data received have been encrypted, decodes the encrypted data by decrypting the same data.

6. A local area information terminal capable of transmitting and receiving broadcasting data within a local area, comprising:

file storing unit for storing a file previously created;

channel retrieving unit for retrieving a free channel among broadcasting channels allocated to respective frequency bandwidths;

transmitting unit for transmitting the file as broadcasting data stored in said file storing unit to within a local area via the retrieved channel;

retrieving unit for retrieving a channel through which the broadcasting data can be received within the local area;

selecting unit for selecting, when the broadcasting data different from each other are being transmitted via the plurality of channels, a receiving channel; and

displaying unit for displaying the broadcasting data received via the selected channel.

7. A local area information terminal capable of transmitting and receiving broadcasting data within a local area according to claim 6, further comprising:

mail editing unit for creating a return mail to a transmitter of the broadcasting data received; and

returning unit for returning the return mail.

8. A local area information terminal capable of transmitting and receiving broadcasting data within a local area according to claim 7, further comprising

identifier storing unit for extracting an identifier for specifying a transmitter out of the broadcasting data and storing the identifier,

wherein said mail editing unit sets a return destination of the return mail to the transmitter on the basis of the transmitter identifier read from said identifier storing unit.

9. A local area information terminal capable of transmitting and receiving broadcasting data within a local area, said terminal comprising:

file storing unit for storing a file in a hypertext format which is previously created;

unit for transmitting the file as broadcasting data stored in said file storing unit to within a local area;

unit for receiving broadcasting radio waves of the file in the hypertext format which is transmitted by other transmitter; and

displaying unit for displaying the broadcasting data received.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

Mobile terminals capable of transmitting and receiving HTML data etc. are prepared for actualizing simple bidirectional communications specified in a local area, and some broadcasting channels are prepared for ensuring the communications between the mobile terminals. A contrivance is that a receiver is able to transmit a return mail with respect to the broadcasting data received via the broadcasting channel, and the bidirectional communications at a stage just before persons concerned meet directly each other can be actualized.

FIG. 1

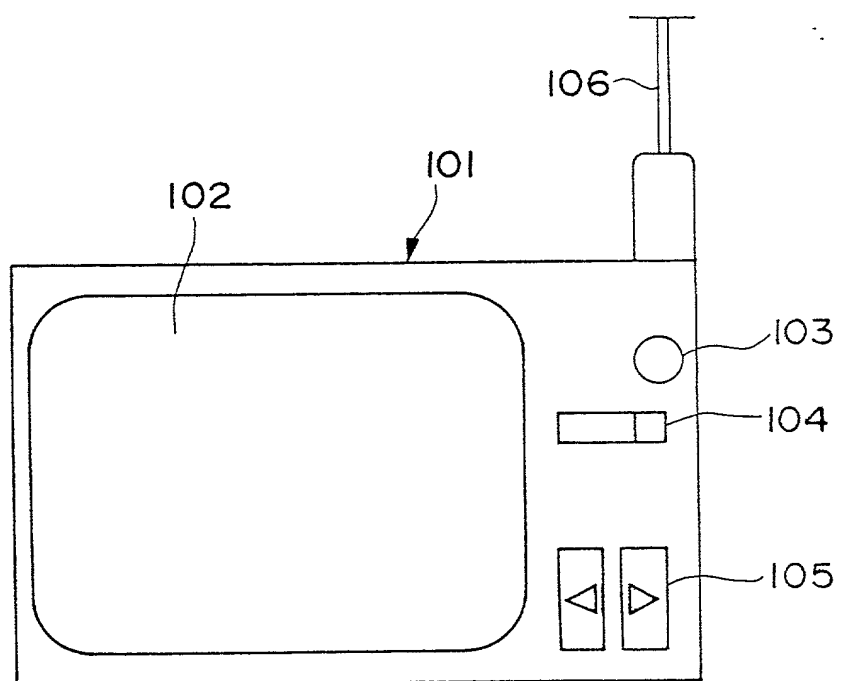


FIG. 2

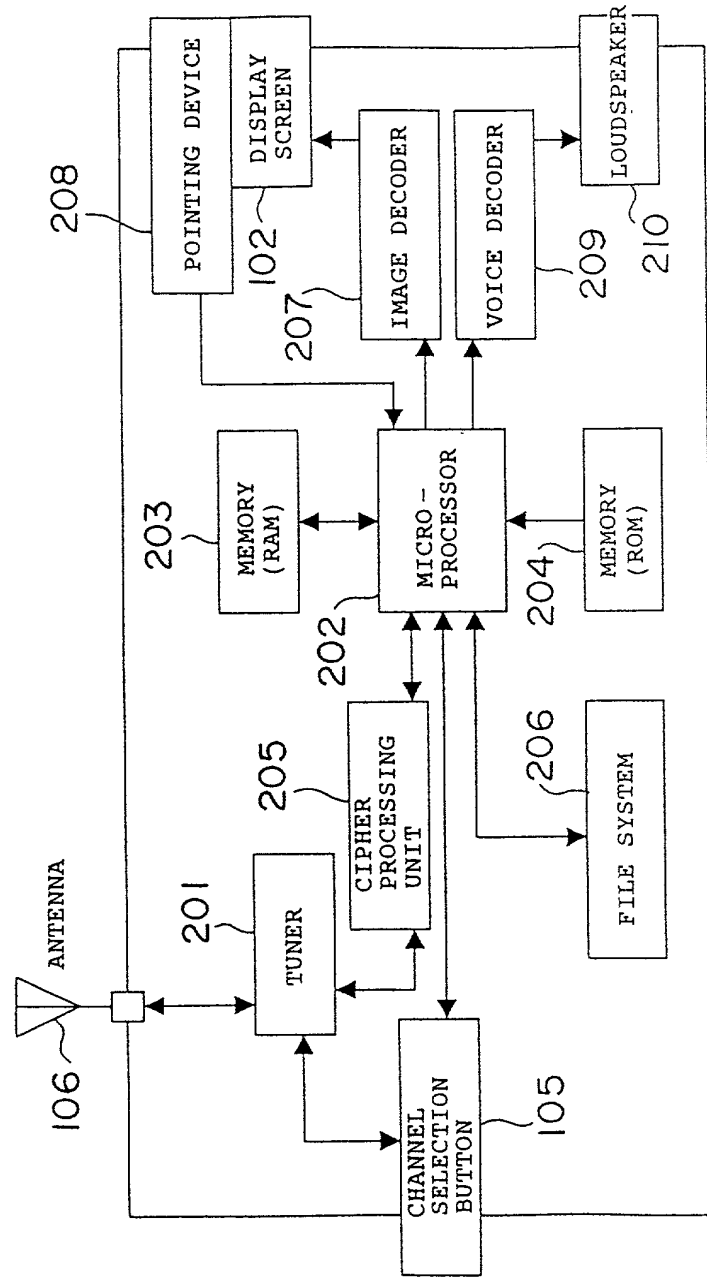


FIG. 3

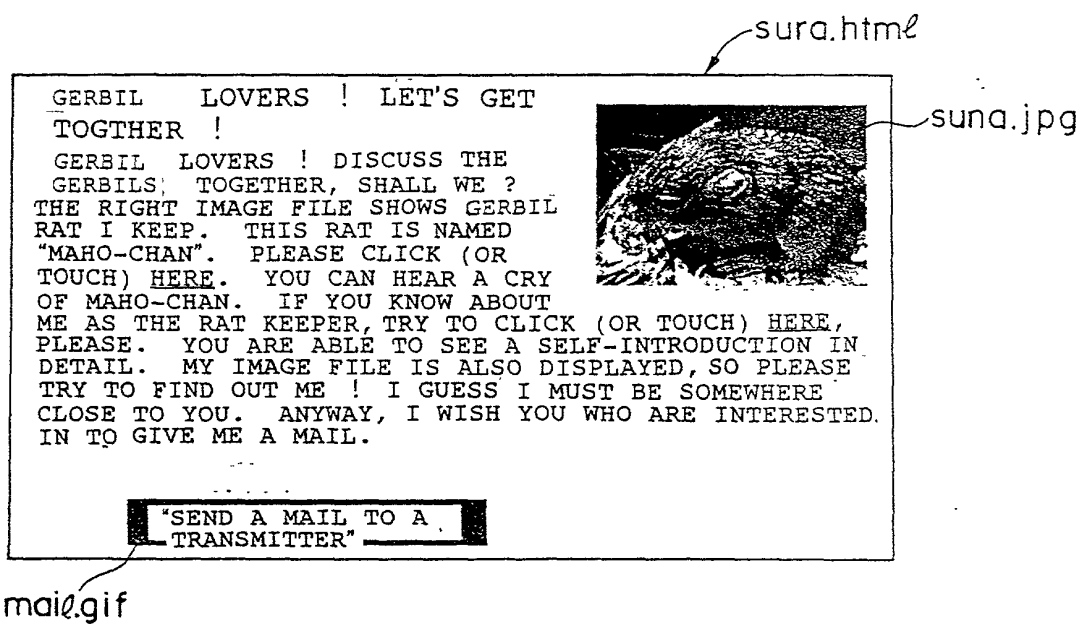


FIG. 4

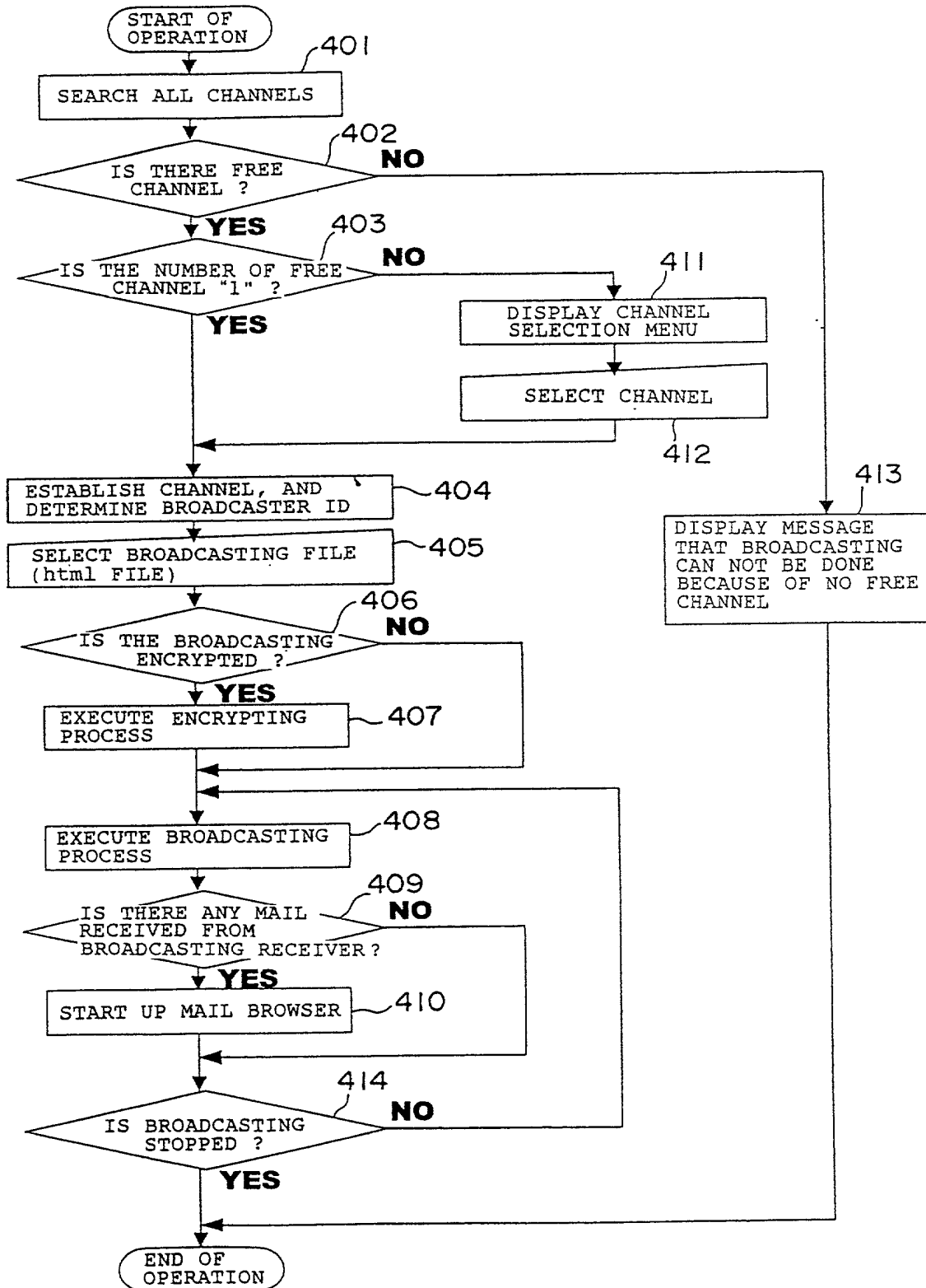


FIG. 5

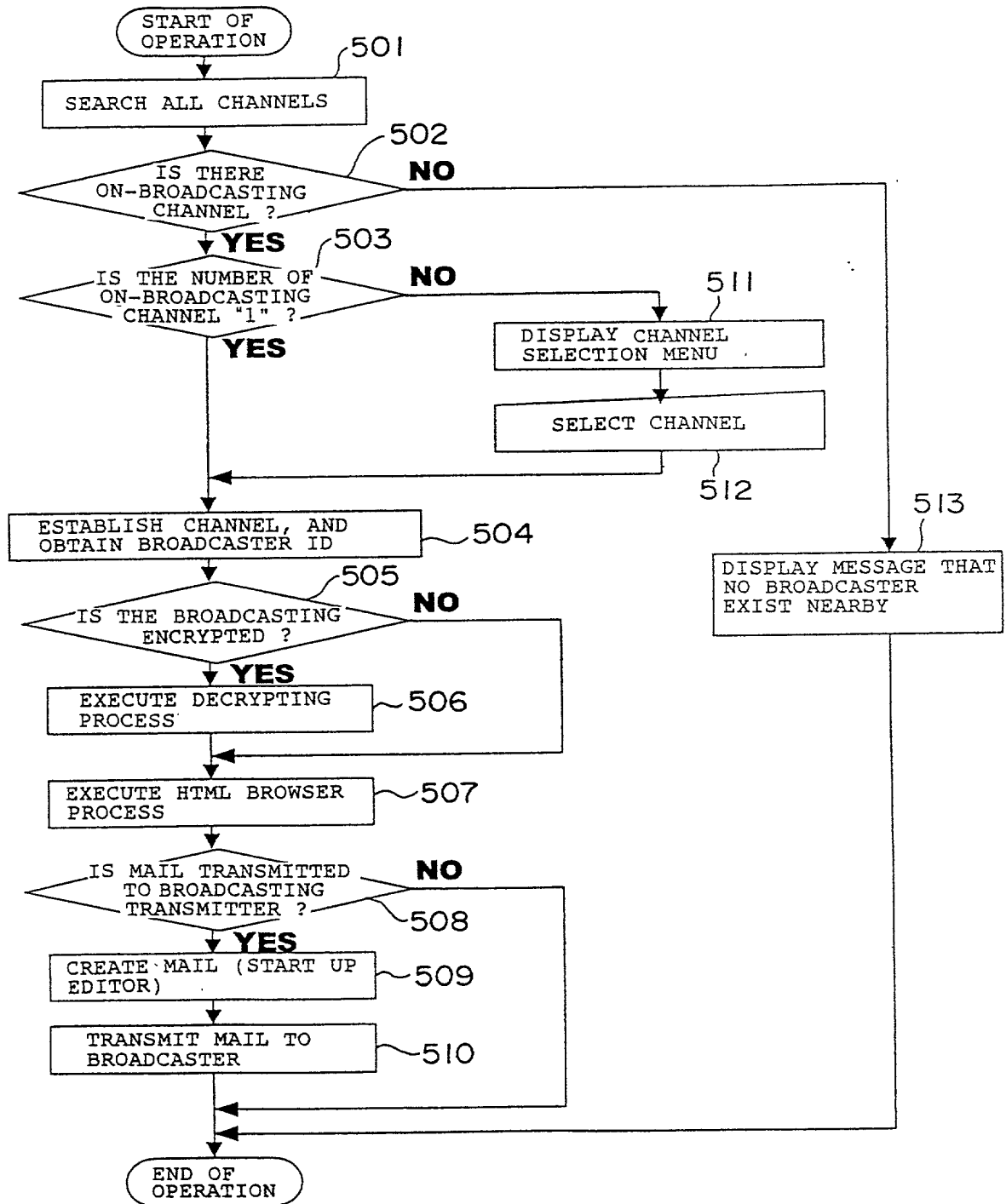


FIG. 6

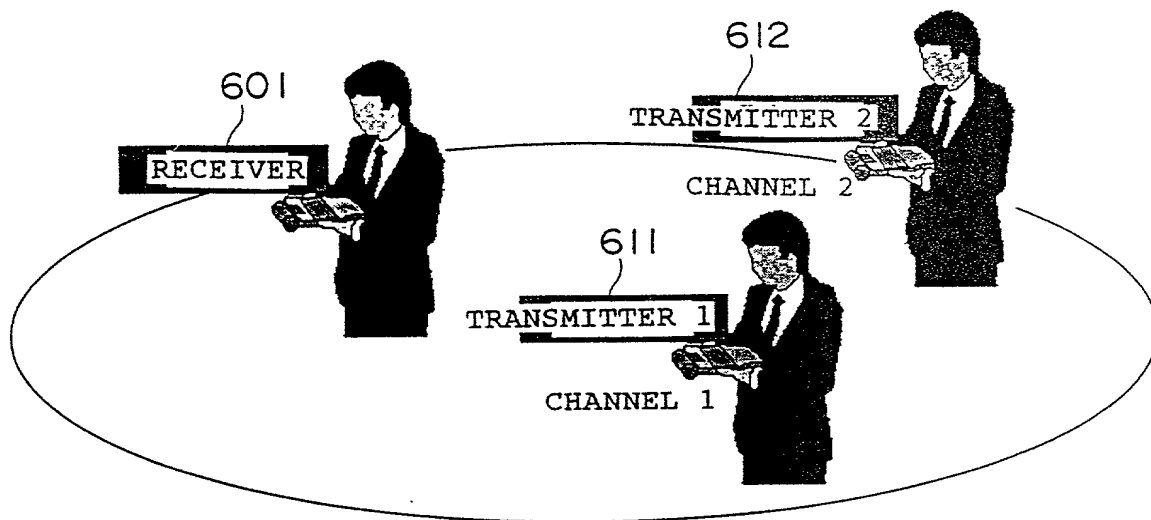
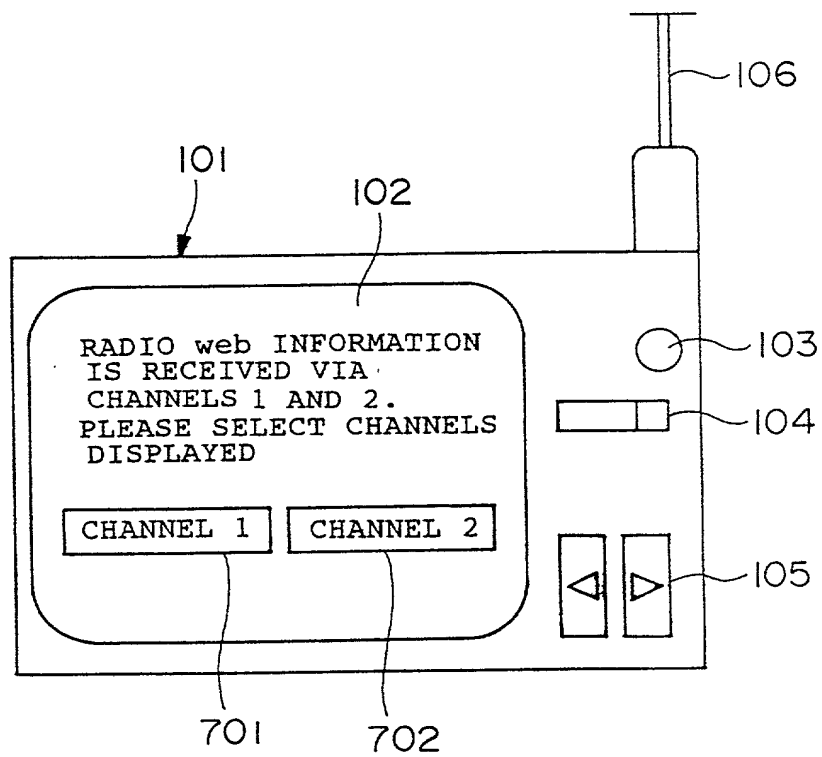


FIG. 7



Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

特許出願宣言書及び委任状

Japanese Language Declaration

日本語宣言書

下記の氏名の発明者として、私は以下の通り宣言します。

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

私の住所、私書箱、国籍は下記の私の氏名の後に記載された通りです。

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

下記の名称の発明に関して請求範囲に記載され、特許出願している発明内容について、私が最初かつ唯一の発明者（下記の氏名が一つの場合）もしくは最初かつ共同発明者であると（下記の名称が複数の場合）信じています。

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

LOCAL AREA INFORMATION

TERMINAL DEVICE

上記発明の明細書（下記の欄でx印がついていない場合は、本書に添付）は、

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☐ 月 日に提出され、米国出願番号または特許協定条約国際出願番号を _____ とし、
（該当する場合） _____ に訂正されました。

☐ was filed on _____
as United States Application Number or
PCT International Application Number
_____ and was amended on
_____ (if applicable).

私は、特許請求範囲を含む上記訂正後の明細書を検討し、内容を理解していることをここに表明します。

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

私は、連邦規則法典第37編第1条56項に定義されるとおり、特許資格の有無について重要な開示を開示する義務があることを認めます。

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Japanese Language Declaration (日本語宣言書)

私は、米国法典第35編119条(a)-(d)項又は365条(b)項に基づき下記の、米国以外の国の少なくとも一カ国を指定している特許協力条約365(a)項に基づく国際出願、又は外国での特許出願もしくは発明者証の出願についての外国優先権をここに主張するとともに、優先権を主張している、本出願の前に出願された特許または発明者証の外国出願を以下に、枠内をマークすることで、示しています。

Prior Foreign Application(s)

外国での先行出願
10-65938

(Number)
(番号)

Japan

(Country)
(国名)

16/03/1998

(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)

Priority Not Claimed

優先権主張なし

☐

(Number)
(番号)

(Country)
(国名)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)

☐

私は、第35編米国法典119条(e)項に基づいて下記の米国特許出願規定に記載された権利をここに主張いたします。

(Application No.)
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)
(出願日)

(Application No.)
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)
(出願日)

私は、下記の米国法典第35編120条に基づいて下記の米国特許出願に記載された権利、又は米国を指定している特許協力条約365条(c)に基づき権利をここに主張します。また、本出願の各請求範囲の内容が米国法典第35編112条第1項又は特許協力条約で規定された方法で先行する米国特許出願に開示されていない限り、その先行米国出願書提出日以降で本出願書の日本国内または特許協力条約国際提出日までの期間中に入手された、連邦規則法典第37編1条56項で定義された特許資格の有無に関する重要な情報について開示義務があることを認識しています。

(Application No.)
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)
(出願日)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s), or 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of application.

(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)
(現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)

(Application No.)
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)
(出願日)

(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)
(現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)

私は、私自身の知識に基づいて本宣言書中で私が行なう表明が真実であり、かつ私の入手した情報と私の信じているところに基づき表明が全て真実であると信じていること、さらに故意になされた虚偽の表明及びそれと同等の行為は米国法典第18編第1001条に基づき、罰金または拘禁、もしくはその両方により処罰されること、そしてそのような故意による虚偽の表明を行えば、出願した、又は共に許可された特許の有効性が失われることを認識し、よってここに上記のごとく宣誓を致します。

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Japanese Language Declaration
(日本語宣言書)

委任状 私は下記の発明者として、本出願に関する一切の
手続を米特許審判局に対して遂行する弁理士または代理人
として、下記の者を指名いたします。(弁護士、または代理
人氏名及び登録番号を明記のこと)

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint
the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this
application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark
Office connected therewith (list name and registration number)

James D. Halsey, Jr., 22,729; Harry John Staas, 22,010; David M. Pitcher, 25,908; John C. Garvey, 28,607; J. Randall Beckers, 30,358;
William F. Herbert, 31,024; Richard A. Gollhofer, 31,106; Mark J. Henry, 36,162; Gene M. Garner II, 34,172; Michael D. Stein, 37,240; Paul
I. Kravetz, 35,230; Gerald P. Joyce, III, 37,648; Todd E. Marlette, 35,269; Harlan B. Williams, Jr., 34,756; George N. Stevens, 36,938;
Michael C. Soldner, P-41,455 and William M. Schertler, 35,348 (agent)

書類送付元

Send Correspondence to:

STAAS & HALSEY
700 Eleventh Street, N.W.
Suite 500
Washington, D.C. 20001

直接電話連絡先 (名前及び電話番号)

Direct Telephone Calls to: (name and telephone number)

STAAS & HALSEY
(202) 434-1500

唯一または第一発明者名

Full name of sole or first inventor

Jun ASADA

発明者の署名

日付

Inventor's signature

Jun Asada

Date

Sep. 9, 1998

住所

Residence

Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, Japan

国籍

Citizenship

Japan

私書箱

Post Office Address

c/o Fujitsu Limited, 1-1, Kamikodanaka
4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi,
Kanagawa 211-8588 Japan

第二共同発明者

Full name of second joint inventor, if any

第二共同発明者

日付

Second inventor's signature

Date

住所

Residence

国籍

Citizenship

私書箱

Post Office Address

(第三以降の共同発明者についても同様に記載し、署名をす
ること)

(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent
joint inventors.)